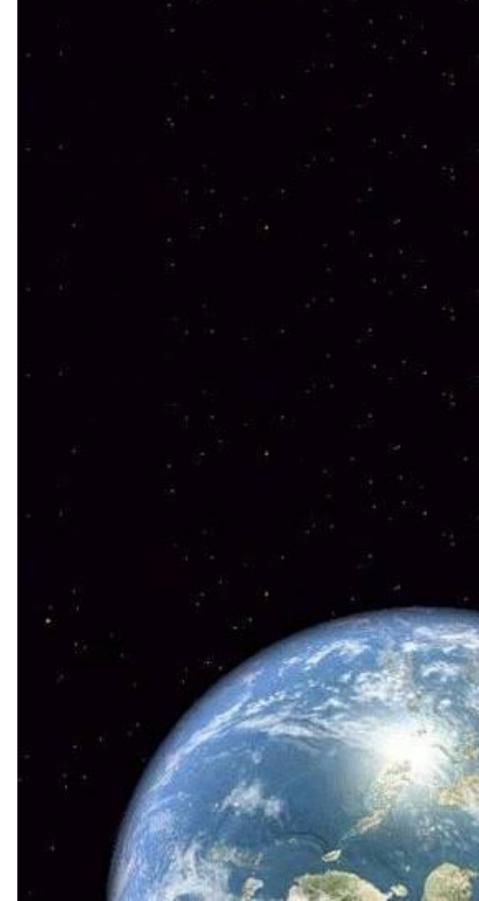


Federal Aviation Administration

COE CST Second Annual Technical Meeting:

#### Task 185: Unified 4D Trajectory Approach for Integrated Traffic Management

Tom Colvin & Juan J. Alonso October 31 2012



October 31 2012





- Team Members
- Brief overview of the aviation/space transportation conflict
- Research Methodology
- Results
- Next Steps
- Conclusions





#### Outline

- Brief overview of the aviation/space transportation conflict
- Research: Propose architectures for aircraft safety during launch/re-entry and analyze them using compact 4D envelopes
- Results
  - Propagate Uncertain Trajectories and Debris
  - Generate compact 4D envelopes
  - Counting SUA "piercings" with FACET
  - Rerouting aircraft with FACET
- Concluding thoughts and directions





### **Team Members**

- Principal Investigator
  - Juan Alonso Stanford University
- Graduate Student
  - Thomas Colvin Stanford University
    - Ph.D Candidate in Aeronautics and Astronautics

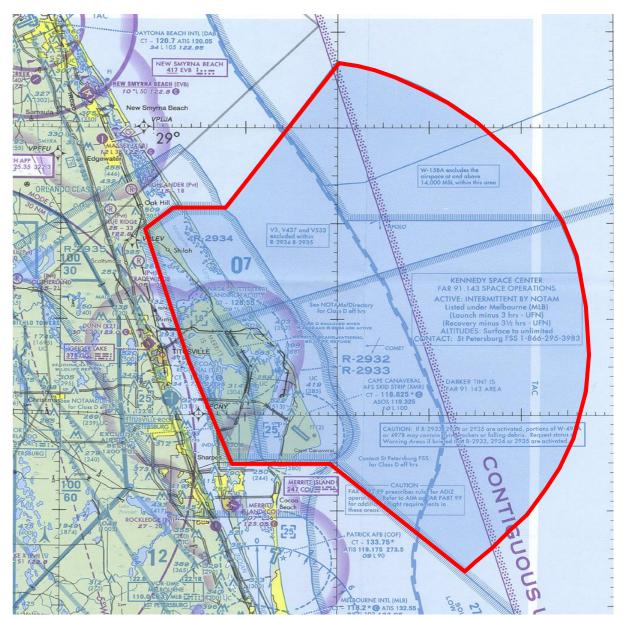
- Special Thanks
  - Dan Murray FAA AST





## What's The Problem?

- Safely and fairly sharing the NAS
  - Need launch architectures to ensure all NAS users are safe
  - Current method uses SUAs
  - No formal quantitative framework for creating SUAs, thus they tend to be overly conservative
  - Commercial space traffic in rising volume and launching from new ranges will require new ATM architectures
  - Can advancements in NextGen
     be leveraged?



Source: 45 SW Eastern Range: Special Use Airspace, PPT Presentation by Art Ladd







#### What's Needed?

- Airspace Management Architectures For Launch
  - Procedures governing how the airspace will be handled / partitioned to keep aircraft and space vehicles safe
  - Specific to each vehicle's mission and quantifiably safe
- Examples
  - Proactive: No-fly zone is established encompassing entire potential danger area for launch until successful staging
  - Reactive: No-fly zone bounds nominal trajectory only. In the event of off-nominal event, SUA is dynamically created and enforced





#### Purpose of Task

- Development of requirements, architecture and prototype implementations of simultaneous air/space traffic management procedures for commercial space transportation. Leverage projected improvements derived from NextGen.
- Develop and analyze plausible architectures for an Integrated Airspace Management System (IAMS)
- Research and develop the foundation of IAMS based on 4D, time-space probabilistic trajectories and safety assessments







#### Research Methodology

- Develop mathematics and software environment to propagate trajectories under uncertainties in 4D (timing, location, "unscheduled" events, weather, system uncertainties, ...)
- Develop a way to bound the trajectories, to a "dialed-in" level of safety, within compact 4D envelopes
- Use these tools to construct potential architectures, then evaluate and compare their impact on the NAS with FACET
- Key metric: shared costs to airlines and launch providers, public at large





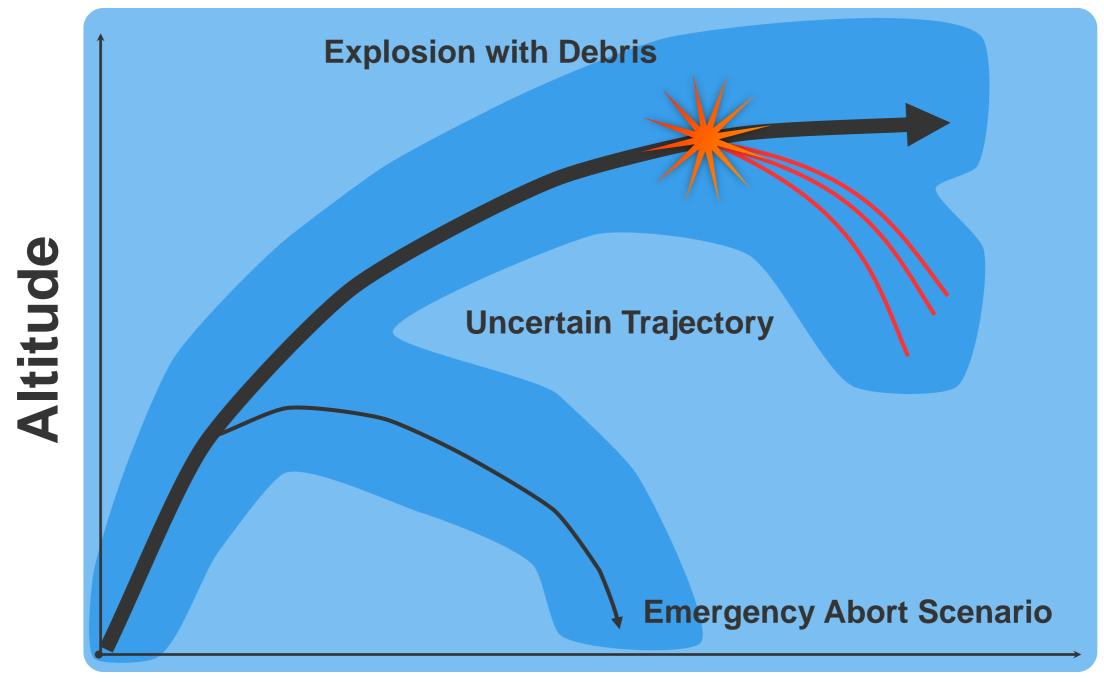
# **Calculating Trajectories**

- Long-term:
  - Given a nominal trajectory or envelope, along with vehicle and mission parameters, create a PDF of the possible rocket and debris locations using advanced Uncertainty Quantification techniques
  - Use this PDF to generate a physical (x,y,z,t) boundary, corresponding to a given level of safety, that can be analyzed with ATM software
  - Investigate optimization of probabilistic trajectory envelopes to minimize NAS impact
- Near-term:
  - Use Monte Carlo simulation to <u>approximate</u> the rocket location PDF, sampled at many points
  - Bound the trajectories into 4D compact envelopes and quantify their impact on the NAS





### **Compact Envelope Concept**



Time





## How To Measure NAS Impact?

- Further develop existing ATM simulation software: NASA FACET.
- NASA Ames has provided Tom Colvin with access to the FACET source code (on site) to make necessary modifications
- Currently can measure impact by counting how many aircraft pierce the compact envelope
- Working on rerouting aircraft trajectories to measure
  - increased flight time / passenger hours
  - increased fuel burn and cost
  - impact on airline flight schedules due to these diversions





#### Results

- We have an environment ready to begin analyzing ATM architectures for launching commercial space missions
  - Propagate Uncertain Trajectories and Debris
  - Generate compact 4D envelopes
  - Automated interface with FACET
  - Counting aircraft / launch vehicle conflicts with FACET





## **Results: Propagation Code**

- Monte Carlo software framework that accepts arbitrary:
  - Thrust profiles (TVC, etc)
  - Weather profiles for wind and temperature, with uncertainty parameters for each
  - Failure parameters and distributions
  - Debris model
  - Leverages work in Project 258
- Outputs:
  - Collection of (x,y,z,t) points which represent all places a vehicle or its debris may be found from a MC simulation



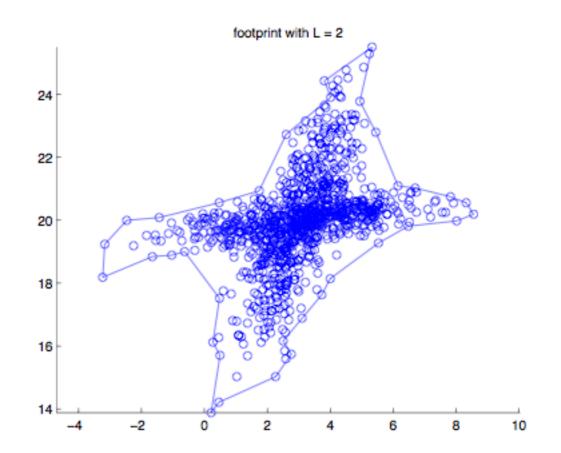




### Results: Characterize Trajectories

#### **Difficult Test Shape: No Physical Meaning**

- Trajectories as points in space and time
- How do we turn this set of trajectories into something useful?







### Results: Compact 4D Envelopes



- With reasonably realistic mission plans and probabilistic trajectories, can create dynamic 4D compact envelopes
- Analyze with existing ATM software: FACET





## FACET: Intro to the environment

- NASA Future ATM Concepts Evaluation Tool
- Simulation environment for preliminary testing of advanced ATM concepts over continental United States
- Award Winning
  - NASA's Software of the Year Award 2006
  - AIAA Software Engineering Award 2009
- Examples of advanced ATC concepts already implemented
  - Aircraft self-separation, prediction of aircraft demand and sector congestion, system-wide impact assessment of traffic flow management constraints, wind-optimal routing, etc.
- <u>Massive</u> amount of code in C and Java





# Results: Developing FACET For Our Task

- Nominal Capabilities
  - Specify reasonably complex time-evolving SUAs
    - But they were invisible in the GUI, could not turn on/off, etc.
  - Count piercings of SUA by aircraft using historical data
    - Bugs in determining when multiple are active, overlap, etc.
  - Simulate rerouting flights around SUA and compute cost to airlines from this diversion
- Issues: SUA aspects less mature than rest of code
  - MANY key functionalities for SUAs, including rerouting around them, are only partially developed or buggy
  - API exists but does not expose everything needed





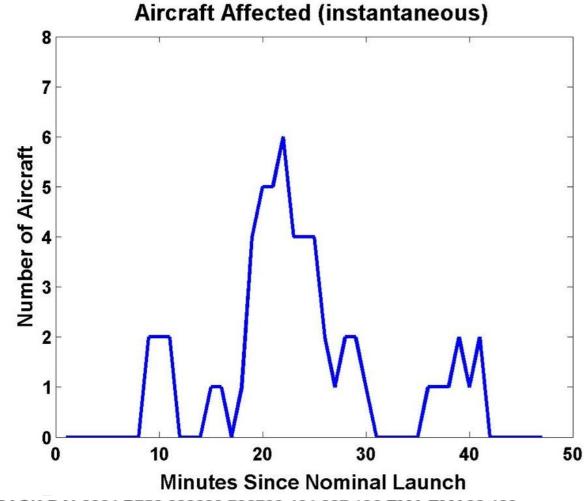
#### Results: Compact 4D Envelopes

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#### Sample Results: Plot Of Aircraft Conflicts



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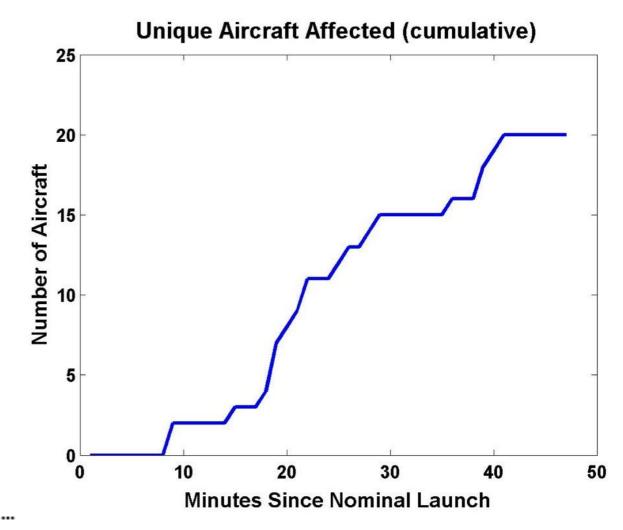
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# **Ongoing Work**

- Further develop FACET capabilities to reroute aircraft around compact envelopes to calculate added time, fuel burn, and cost to airlines
- Collaborate with FAA and launch providers to construct realistic mission profiles
- Design ATM architectures based on these mission profiles for use in trade studies
- Research techniques to optimization the integrated airspace system given uncertainties inherent to space launch
- Eventually will make suggestions to FAA on how to safely and equitably integrate airline and commercial space traffic





#### Conclusions

- In most proposed spaceports (not necessary all), significant conflicts will arise between airlines and launch providers. What is a fair way of utilizing a shared resource: the NAS?
- Developing mathematics and software implementations to propagate uncertainties in launch trajectories to construct compact 4D envelopes. Based on STOP (Stanford Trajectory OPtimization) tool and Monte Carlo
- Gathering information to construct realistic mission profiles and three separate scenarios (low, medium, high frequencies with varying numbers of launch locations) as a basis to assess potential ATM approaches
- Planning to use NASA's FACET to quantitatively analyze impact on NAS
  - Working with NASA to ensure FACET has needed capabilities implemented





#### TASK 185. Unified 4D Trajectory Approach for Integrated Traffic Management MAJOR MILESTONES – PAST

•Development of 3D compact envelope techniques

 Initial modifications of NASA FACET tool to enable dynamic Special Use Airspaces •Development of low-, medium-, and hightraffic scenarios for impact assessments

#### SCHEDULE

- •Compact envelope techniques/algorithms Apr 12
- Initial modifications to NASA FACET Nov 12
- Future traffic scenarios Dec 12
- •Re-routing capabilities in FACET Apr 13
- Validation of resulting environment Jul 13
- •Development of IASTM alternatives Apr 14
- •Assessment of IASTM alternatives Sep 15-Feb 15
- Integration of techniques for dynamic management Jun 15

#### **MAJOR MILESTONES - FUTURE**

•Aircraft re-routing capabilities (for dynamic airspaces) in FACET

- Validation of environment capabilities
- •Development of plausible architectures for integrated air-space traffic management
- •Assessment of integrated air-space traffic management architectures on specific operations

 Development of dynamic techniques for traffic management

#### BUDGET

- •FY13 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY17
- •\$80K \$80K \$80K \$0 \$0K

 Total amounts shown. 50/50 cost share included





#### TASK 185. Unified 4D Trajectory Approach for Integrated Traffic Management

<ul> <li>MAJOR MILESTONES – PAST</li> <li>Development of 3D compact envelope techniques</li> <li>Initial modifications of NASA FACET tool to enable dynamic Special Use Airspaces</li> <li>Development of low-, medium-, and high- traffic scenarios for impact assessments</li> </ul>	MAJOR MILESTONES - FUTURE •Aircraft re-routing capabilities (for dynamic airspaces) in FACET •Validation of environment capabilities •Development of plausible architectures for integrated air-space traffic management •Assessment of integrated air-space traffic management architectures on specific operations •Development of dynamic techniques for traffic management
SCHEDULE •Compact envelope techniques/algorithms – Apr 12 •Initial modifications to NASA FACET – Nov 12 •Future traffic scenarios – Dec 12 •Re-routing capabilities in FACET – Apr 13 •Validation of resulting environment – Jul 13 •Development of IASTM alternatives – Apr 14 •Assessment of IASTM alternatives – Sep 15-Feb 15 •Integration of techniques for dynamic management – Jun 15	BUDGET •FY13 - FY14 - FY15 - FY16 - FY17 •\$80K \$80K \$0 \$0K •Total amounts shown. 50/50 cost share included

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